

# Variable displacement axial piston pump type V60N

# Applications including commercial vehicles, open circuit

Nominal pressure pnom max:

400 bar

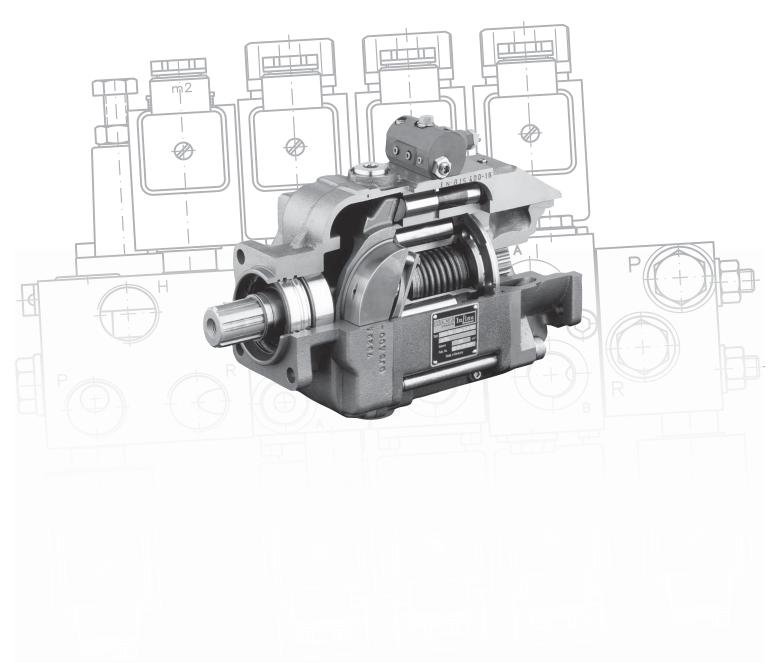
Switching symbol:

Maximum pressure p<sub>max</sub>:

450 bar

Geometric displacement V<sub>max</sub>: 60 ... 130 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev.





Product documentation



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# Contents

1	Overview: Type V60N variable displacement axial piston pump
2 2.1 2.2	Available versions, main data
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Parameters15General15Planning information for parameters17Characteristic curves18Controller characteristic curves19
4.1.4.1.1 4.1.2 4.1.3 4.1.4 4.2	Dimensions.         22           Basic pump.         22           Type V60N-060.         22           Type V60N-090.         28           Type V60N-110.         34           Type V60N-130.         40           Controllers and intermediate plates.         45
5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4	Installation information.48General information.48Ports.49Installation positions.50Tank installation.51
6 6.1 6.2 6.3	Installation, operation and maintenance information.52Designated use.52Assembly information.52Operating instructions.52
7 7.1 7.1.1 7.2 7.3	Accessories, spare parts and separate components.53Discontinued controller units.53Available versions.53Suction intakes.55Coupling flange for propshafts.56



1

#### Overview: Type V60N variable displacement axial piston pump

Thanks to its sturdy structure, the variable displacement axial piston pump is designed for direct flange mounting to the power take-off on commercial vehicle gearboxes, or for standard connection using an SAE flange. Thanks to benchmark figures of 130 cm³/rev. and 450 bar peak pressure, it can be used in a wide range of applications. This is also supported by a high self-suction speed rating and low noise level. Variations with a thru-shaft for flange mounting additional variable displacement axial piston pumps and auxiliary pumps are available. The variety of controllers available offers the user a wide range of application options. Particular advantages with regard to the mutual coordination arise from a combined application of variable displacement axial piston pumps with proportional directional spool valves type PSV and possibly required load-holding valves type LHT and LHDV.

#### Features and benefits:

- Optimized power-to-weight ratio
- High self-suction speed
- Different shaft and flange versions

#### **Intended applications:**

- Machines for forestry and agricultural purposes
- Cranes and lifting equipment
- Truck-mounted concrete pumps
- Municipal trucks

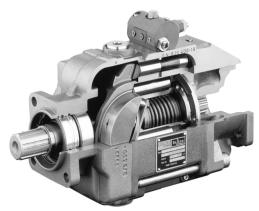


Figure 1: Variable displacement axial piston pump type
V60N-110



Figure 2: Variable displacement axial piston pump type
V60-130



2

# Available versions, main data

#### 2.1 Basic version

Switching symbol:



#### Order coding example:

V60N	-090	R	D	Z	N	- 2	-0	03	/LSNR/ZL	- 2/65	- 350	-	A00/76	- C 022	2	
														Flange v	ersion/	Table 13 Flange versions (output side)
													Suction in	takes	Chapter	intakes: see Section 7, "Accessories, rts and separate ents"
												Port	<b>ts</b> Table	12 Ports		
											Pressure	spe	ecification	(bar)		
										Stroke lii	mitation		Table 11 St	roke limi	tations	
									Controller		Controller and versi		able 9 Inte	rmediate	plates; 1	Table 10 Solenoid
	Release															
							Addi	tiona	l function	Table 7 A	dditional	. fun	nction			
						Housi	ing ve	ersion	Table 6 F	lousing ve	ersions					
	Seal Table 5 Seals															
	Flange version Table 4 Flange versions (input side)															
	Shaft version Table 3 Shaft versions															
	Rotation direction Table 2 Rotation directions															
	Nominal size Table 1 Nominal sizes															

Basic type



#### Table 1 Nominal size Table 2 Rotation directions

Coding	Geometric displacement	Nominal pressure	Peak pressure	Coding	Description
	(cm³/rev.)	p <sub>nom</sub> (bar)	p <sub>max</sub> (bar)	L	Anti-clockwise
060	60	350	400		
000	0.0	250	/00	R	Clockwise
090	90	350	400		
110	110	350	400	•	at the shaft journal
130	130	400	450	—— (for information on change of rodirection, see <u>Chapter 3</u> , "Param	

#### **Table 3 Shaft versions**

Coding	Description	Designation/Standard	Max. drive torque (Nm)
D	Parallel key splined shaft	Similar to DIN ISO 14 (trucks)	800
М	Spline shaft	DIN 5480 (only V60N-090, V60N-110)	530
Н	Spline shaft	SAE-B J 744 13T 16/32 DP 22-4 ISO 3019-1 (only V60N-060)	210
U	Spline shaft	SAE-B J 744 short 13T 16/32 DP 22-4 ISO 3019-1 short (only V60N-060)	210
Т	Spline shaft	SAE-BB J 744 15T 16/32 DP 25-4 ISO 3019-1 (only V60N-060)	340
S	Spline shaft	SAE-C J 744 14T 12/24 DP 32-4 ISO 3019-1	640
Q	Spline shaft	SAE-CS 21T 16/32 DP 35-4 ISO 3019-1 (only V60N-090, V60N-110, V60N-130)	900



Table 4 Flange	e versions (input side)	Table 5 Seals		
Coding	Description	Designation	Coding	Description
Υ	Flange	ISO 7653-1985 (for trucks)	N	NBR
P	Flange	ISO 7653-1985 10° rotated (for trucks) (only V60N-110, V60N-130) <sup>1)</sup>	V	FKM
X	Flange	SAE-B 2-hole J 744 - 45° rotated 101-2 ISO 3019-1 (only V60N-060)		
Z	Flange	SAE-B 4-hole J 744 101-4 ISO 3019-1 (only V60N-060)		
F	Flange	SAE-C 4-hole J 744 127-4 ISO 3019-1		
G	Flange	125 B4 HW ISO 3019-2 (only V60N-090)		

Table 6 House	sing versions	Table 7 Addition	Table 7 Additional functions		
Coding	Description	Coding	Description		
1	Suction and pressure port axial	0	None		
2	Suction and pressure port radial, with thru-shaft				
3	Suction and pressure port radial				
4	Suction and pressure port axial, ports SAE J 518 (only V60N-090)				

<sup>1)</sup> For narrow installation spaces, e.g. Mercedes Benz NA 124 gear manufacturing



#### **Table 8 Controllers**

Description

Coding

couning						
LSNR	The LSNR conflict sets a construction displacement. The integrated	Load-sensing controller with integrated pressure limitation.  The LSNR controller is a delivery flow controller that generates a variable volumetric flow independently of the speed. It sets a constant difference between the load pressure and pump pressure by continuously adapting the geometric displacement of the pump to the quantity required for the consumers.  The integrated pressure limitation restricts the maximum pressure to a set value.  Coding LSN: Discontinued unit; see <a href="Chapter 7.1">Chapter 7.1</a> , "Discontinued controller units"				
LSNRT	As well as the relief does not	Load-sensing controller with forced LS relief and integrated pressure limitation.  As well as the LSNR controller, the LSNRT contains internal LS signal relief. It is suited to hydraulic systems whose LS relief does not take place in proportional directional spool valves.  Internal leakage current ≤ 1.5 lpm				
NR	The pressure of constant pressures.	Pressure controller, adjustable directly at the pump.  The pressure controller maintains a constant system pressure independently of the required delivery flow. It is suited to constant pressure systems where differing delivery flows are required or for efficient pressure limitation of a hydraulic system.  Coding N: Discontinued unit; see <a href="Chapter 7.1">Chapter 7.1</a> , "Discontinued controller units"				
NXR		olled pressure controller. The pressure is set u in the scope of delivery).	sing an externa	lly piped pressure-limiting valve		
QNR/	independently The quantity of pressure can be This allows fle	O, 110: Delivery flow controller with integrate of the speed. Controller generates a constant differential proper adjusted between 20 and 55 bar; the orific exible adjustment of the volumetric flow.  Volumetric flow at 20 bar differential pressure (lpm)	essure via an or e is available ir	ifice in the P channel. The differential		
	3	approx. 23	7	approx. 127		
	3.5	approx. 32	7.5	approx. 146		
	4	approx. 42	8	approx. 166		
	4.5	approx. 53	8.5	approx. 188		
	5	approx. 65	9	approx. 210		
	5.5	approx. 65	9.5	approx. 234		
	6	approx. 94	10	approx. 260		
	6.5	approx. 110				
PR		rtional pressure controller with increasing chapressure and minimum pressure can be adjus possible.				
P1R	The controller	rtional pressure controller with decreasing ch is specifically developed for fan and generato pressure. The maximum pressure and minimu	or drives. In the	e event of a power failure, the pump generate		
/V	The V controll accordance wi speed. When used in valve must be	Size 130: Electric proportional delivery flow controller with increasing characteristic curve.  The V controller is an electrically actuated controller that sets an appropriate geometric displacement for the pump in accordance with a current value. Therefore, the pump generates a variable volumetric flow that is dependent on the speed.  When used in open-centre systems with operating pressures of < 25 bar, an external supply pump or a pump pre-load valve must be provided in order to ensure reliable adjustment.  Only in combination with pressure control (coding NR or NXR)				
/V1	Size <b>130</b> : Elect In contrast to operates at the When used in valve must be	tric proportional delivery flow controller with the IV controller, the IV1 controller has a ne e maximum geometric displacement in the ev open-centre systems with operating pressure provided in order to ensure reliable adjustme nation with pressure control (coding NR or N)	decreasing character yent of a power s of < 25 bar, and the control of the contro	ristic curve, which means that the pump failure.		



#### Table 9 Intermediate plates

Intermediate plate version, only in combination with one of the controllers described above

Coding	Description
/ZL	Size <b>060</b> , <b>090</b> , <b>110</b> : Intermediate plate with power controller (torque limitation)  Product "Pressure x Delivery flow" = constant  Adjustment range: 25 100% max. drive torque  Coding LLSN, LN: Discontinued units, see Chapter 7.1, "Discontinued controller units"
/ZW	Angled intermediate plate (45°) mandatory for mounting controllers at pumps with housing version -2, -3
/L	Adjustment range: 200 - 700 Nm Size <b>130</b> : Power controller (standard)
/PR	Electric proportional pressure controller with increasing characteristic curve. The maximum pressure and minimum pressure can be adjusted mechanically; in between these values, electrical adjustment is possible.
/V	Size <b>130</b> : Electric proportional delivery flow controller with increasing characteristic curve. (The V controller acts directly on the set piston spring and makes a pilot-controlled electrical adjustment to the pivoting angle of the pump.)
/V1	Size <b>130</b> : Electric proportional delivery flow controller with decreasing characteristic curve. (The V1 controller acts directly on the set piston spring and makes a pilot-controlled electrical adjustment to the pivoting angle of the pump.)
/ZV	Size <b>060</b> , <b>090</b> , <b>110</b> : Electric proportional delivery flow controller with increasing characteristic curve. When used in open-centre systems with operating pressures of < 25 bar, an external supply pump or a pump pre-load valve must be provided in order to ensure reliable adjustment. The ZV controller is designed as an intermediate plate. (It acts on the set piston from above and electrically adjusts the pivoting angle of the pump.)
/ZV1	Size <b>060</b> , <b>090</b> , <b>110</b> : Electric proportional delivery flow controller with decreasing characteristic curve. When used in open-centre systems with operating pressures of < 25 bar, an external supply pump or a pump pre-load valve must be provided in order to ensure reliable adjustment. The ZV1 controller is designed as an intermediate plate. (It acts on the set piston from above and electrically adjusts the pivoting angle of the pump.)

#### Table 10 Solenoid voltage and version

displacement V<sub>g</sub> (cm<sup>3</sup>/rev.)

Coding	Nominal voltage	Description
G 12 G 24	12 V DC 24 V DC	Version with connection DIN EN 301-803 With plug
S 12 S 24	12 V DC 24 V DC	Version with bayonet connection (bayonet PA 6, SCHLEMMER, suitable for cone with bayonet 10 SL). The delivery does not include a plug.

Table 11 Stroke	limitation	Table 12 Ports			
Coding	Description	Coding	Ports		
No designation	No stroke limitation	No designation	ISO 228/1		
2	With adjustable stroke limitation (for housing version 1 and 4: all sizes, for housing version 2 and 3: only V60N-090, V60N-130)	UNF	SAE J 514		
2/	Stroke limitation fixed with specification of the set geometric				



#### Order coding example:

V60N-110 RDYN-2-0-01/LSNR-350-A00/76- C 022

#### Table 13 Flange versions (output side)

Coding V60N			Flange	Shaft
060	090/110	130		
C 010		C 030	ISO 7653-1985	DIN ISO 14
C 011	C 021	C 031	SAE-A 2-hole J 744 82-2 ISO 3019-1	SAE-A J 744 (16-4 ISO 3019-1) 9T 16/32 DP
C 012	C 022	C 032	SAE-A 2-hole J 744 82-2 ISO 3019-1	SAE-A J 744 (16-4 ISO 3019-1) <sup>1)</sup> 9T 16/32 DP <sup>1)</sup>
C 013			SAE-A 2-hole J 744 82-2 ISO 3019-1	19-4 ISO 3019-1 11T 16/32 DP
C 014	C 024	C 034	SAE-B 2-hole J 744 101-2 ISO 3019-1	SAE-B J 744 (22-4 ISO 3019-1) 13T 16/32 DP
			SAE-B 2-hole J 744 101-2 ISO 3019-1	SAE-BB J 744 (25-4 ISO 3019-1) 15T 12/24 DP
C 015	C 025	C 035	SAE-B 4-hole J 744 101-4 ISO 3019-1	SAE-B J 744 (22-4 ISO 3019-1) 13T 16/32 DP
	C 027	C 037	SAE-C 2-hole J 744 127-2 ISO 3019-1	SAE-C J 744 (32-4 ISO 3019-1) 14T 12/24 DP
	C 028	C 038	SAE-C 4-hole J 744 127-4 ISO 3019-1	SAE-C J 744 (32-4 ISO 3019-1) 14T 12/24 DP



#### Note

Pay attention to the maximum permissible drive torque, as the flange or shaft may be damaged otherwise.



#### Note

An additional support is to be provided for pump combinations.

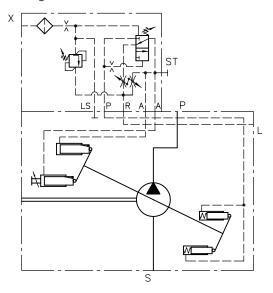
Other versions on request.

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  ANSI B 92.1, FLAT ROOT SIDE FIT, spline width deviating from the standard, s = 2.357-0.03

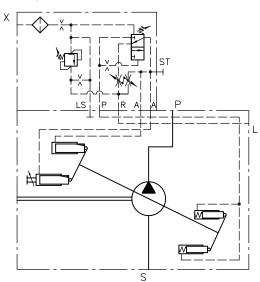


# 2.2 Controller switching symbols

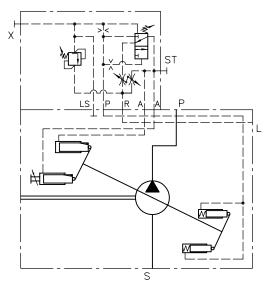
#### Coding LSNR



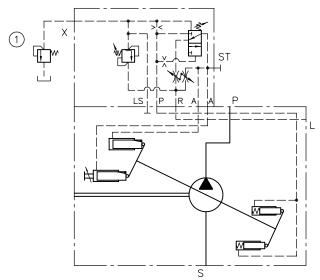
#### Coding LSNRT



#### **Coding NR**



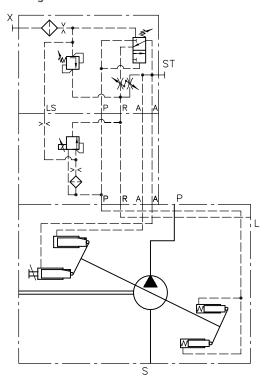
#### **Coding NXR**



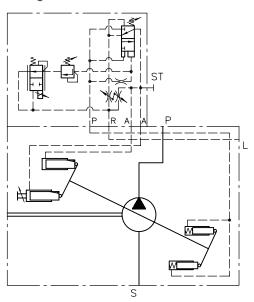
1 External pressure-limiting valve (not included in scope of delivery)



Coding PR

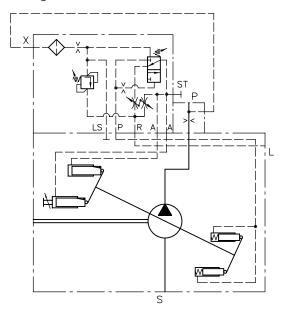


#### Coding P1R

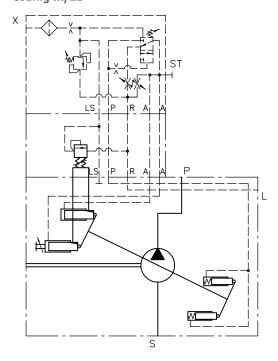


#### Type V60N-060, V60N-090, V60N-110

#### Coding QNR

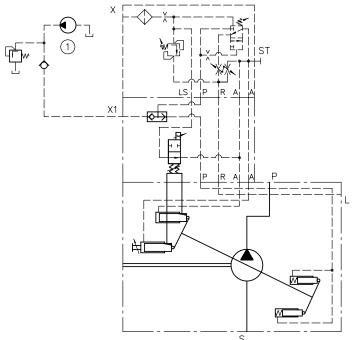


#### Coding .../ZL



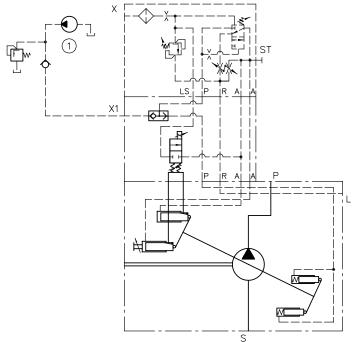


#### Coding .../ZV



External supply pump with pressure-limiting valve and check valve (not included in scope of delivery)

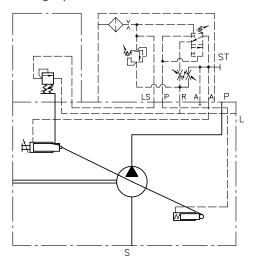
#### Coding .../ZV1



External supply pump with pressure-limiting valve and check valve (not included in scope of delivery)

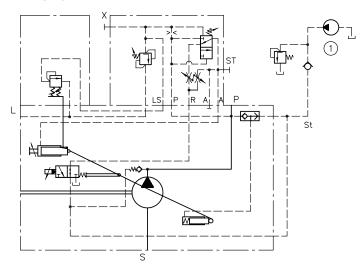
#### Type V60N-130

### Coding .../L



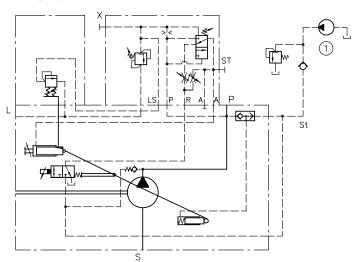


#### Coding .../V



1 External supply pump with pressure-limiting valve and check valve (not included in scope of delivery)

#### Coding .../V1



External supply pump with pressure-limiting valve and check valve (not included in scope of delivery)



3

# **Parameters**

#### 3.1 General

Description	Variable displacement axial piston pump
Design	Axial piston pump according to the swash plate principle
Mounting	Power take-off on commercial vehicle gearboxes (flange ISO 7653-1985 for trucks) or flange mounting
Surface	Primed
Drive/output torque	See <u>Chapter 3, "Parameters"</u> , under "Additional parameters"
Installation position	Any (for installation information see <a href="Chapter 5">Chapter 5</a> , "Installation information")
Rotation direction	Clockwise or anti-clockwise
Change of rotation direction	<b>V60N-060110:</b> Turn the end plate of the pump (see dimension diagram) and replace the port plate; see also <u>Assembly instructions for variable displacement axial piston pump type V60N: B 7960 N</u>
Ports	<ul> <li>Suction port</li> <li>Pressure port</li> <li>Drain port</li> <li>Pressure gauge port</li> </ul>
Hydraulic fluid	Hydraulic oil: according to DIN 51 524 Part 1 to 3; ISO VG 10 to 68 according to DIN 51 519 Viscosity range: min. approx. 10; max. approx. 1000 mm²/s Optimal operating range: approx. 20 to 50 mm²/s Also suitable for biologically degradable pressure fluids type HEPG (polyalkalene glycol) and HEES (synthetic ester) at operating temperatures up to approx. +70°C.
Purity class	ISO 4406 19/17/14
Temperatures	Ambient: approx40 to +60°C, oil: -25 to +80°C, pay attention to the viscosity range! Start temperature: down to -40°C is permissible (observe start-viscosity!), as long as the steady-state temperature is at least 20K higher for subsequent operation. Biologically degradable pressure fluids: note manufacturer specifications. With consideration for the seal compatibility, not above +70°C.



#### Pressure and delivery flow

Operating pressure	See Chapter 2, "Available versions, main data"
Geometric displacement	See Chapter 2, "Available versions, main data"

#### Mass

1	Type V60N	With controller (kg)
(	060	24
(	090	27
1	110	30
1	130	30.8

#### **Additional parameters**

Description	Nominal size Nominal size		Nominal size	Nominal size	
	060	090	110	130	
Max. swash plate angle	20.5°	21.5°	21.5°	21.5°	
Absolute inlet pressure required in open circuit	0.85 bar	0.85 bar	0.85 bar	0.85 bar	
Max. permissible housing pressure (static/ dynamic)	2 bar/3 bar	2 bar/3 bar	2 bar/3 bar	2 bar/3 bar	
Max. permissible inlet pressure (static/ dynamic)	20 bar/30 bar	20 bar/30 bar	20 bar/30 bar	20 bar/30 bar	
Max. speed during suction operation and max. swash plate angle at 1 bar abs. Inlet pressure	2500 rpm	2300 rpm	2200 rpm	2100 rpm	
Max. speed with zero stroke and 1 bar abs. Inlet pressure	3000 rpm	3000 rpm	3000 rpm	3000 rpm	
Min. speed in continuous operation	500 rpm	500 rpm	500 rpm	500 rpm	
Required drive torque at 100 bar	100 Nm	151 Nm	184 Nm	230 Nm	
Drive power at 250 bar and 2000 rpm	53 kW	79.5 kW	97.2 kW	120 kW	
Weight torque	30 Nm	35.5 Nm	40 Nm	40 Nm	
Inertia torque	0.005 kg m <sup>2</sup>	0.008 kg m <sup>2</sup>	0.01 kg m <sup>2</sup>	0.011 kg m²	
Noise level at 250 bar, 1500 rpm and max. swash plate angle (measured in acoustic measurement chamber according to DIN ISO 4412, measurement distance 1 m)	75 dB(A)	75 dB(A)	75 dB(A)	75 dB(A)	



17

Max. perm	issible.	drive/	output/	toraue

Description		Nominal size	Nominal size			
		060	090	110	130	
Parallel key splined shaft D	Drive/output	430 Nm/100 Nm	530 Nm/530 Nm	800 Nm/600 Nm	800 Nm/700 Nm	
Spline shaft M	Drive/output		530 Nm/530 Nm	530 Nm/530 Nm		
Spline shaft H	Drive/output	210 Nm/100 Nm				
Spline shaft U	Drive/output	210 Nm/100 Nm				
Spline shaft T	Drive/output	340 Nm/100 Nm				
Spline shaft S	Drive/output	430 Nm/100 Nm	530 Nm/530 Nm	640 Nm/600 Nm	640 Nm/640 Nm	
Spline shaft Q	Drive/output		530 Nm/530 Nm	900 Nm/600 Nm	900 Nm/700 Nm	

# **3.2 Planning information for parameters**

Determ <sup>*</sup>	ination	of nom	inal	sizes
DCCCIIII		01 110111	mu	31263

Delivery flow	$Q = \frac{V_g \cdot n \cdot \eta_V}{1000} (I/\min)$	V <sub>g</sub>	= Geom. delivery volume (cm³/rev.)
Drive torque	V <sub>a</sub> ·Δp , ,	<u>Δ</u> p	= Differential pressure = Speed (rpm)
·	$M = \frac{V_g \cdot \Delta p}{20 \cdot \pi \cdot \eta_{mh}} (Nm)$	ην	= Volumetric efficiency
Drive power	$= 2\pi \cdot M \cdot n  Q \cdot \Delta p_{(i,i,j)}$	$\eta_{mh}$	= Mechanical-hydraulic efficiency
·	$P = \frac{2\pi \cdot M \cdot n}{60000} = \frac{Q \cdot \Delta p}{600 \cdot \eta_t} (kW)$		= Overall efficiency ( $\eta_t = \eta_V \cdot \eta_{mh}$ )



#### 3.3 Characteristic curves

#### Delivery flow and power (basic pump)

The diagrams illustrate the delivery flow/pressure (without controller).

Drive power at max. swash plate angle and drive power at zero stroke and 1500 rpm.

Drive power/pressure at zero stroke and 1500 rpm

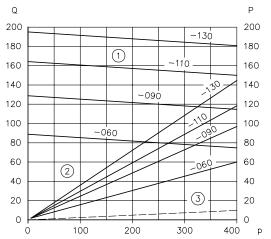


Figure 3: p pressure (bar); Q delivery flow (lpm); P power (kW)

- 1 Delivery flow/pressure
- 2 Drive power/pressure
- 3 Drive power/pressure (zero stroke)

#### Inlet pressure and self-suction speed

The diagrams show the inlet pressure/speed at the max. swash plate angle and an oil viscosity of  $75 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ 

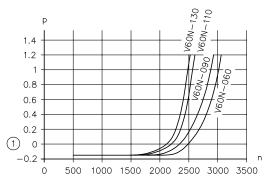


Figure 4: n speed (rpm); p inlet pressure (bar)

1 0 bar relative = 1 bar absolute



#### 3.4 Controller characteristic curves

#### Coding /ZL, /L

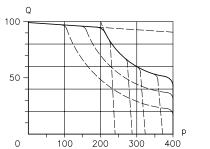


Figure 5: p pressure (bar); Q delivery flow (%)

#### Coding LSNR, PR, P1R

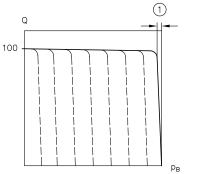


Figure 6:  $p_B$  operating pressure (bar); Q delivery flow (%)

1 Approx. 4 bar

#### Coding V, V1, ZV, ZV1

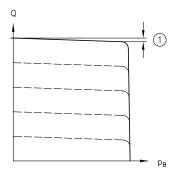


Figure 7:  $p_B$  operating pressure (bar); Q delivery flow (%)

1 Approx. 5%

#### **Coding QNR**

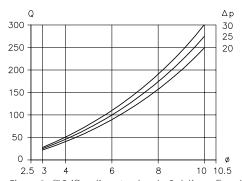


Figure 8:  $\varnothing$ 0rifice diameter (mm); Q delivery flow (%)

#### Determining delivery flow Q (lpm)

Q	$=0,55\cdot d^2\sqrt{\Delta p}$
d	= orifice diameter (mm)
Λn	= pressure differential



#### **Coding PR**

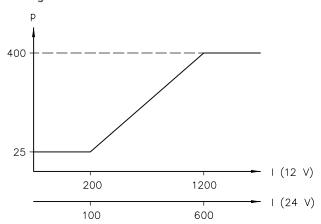


Figure 9: I current (mA); p pressure (bar)

#### Coding V

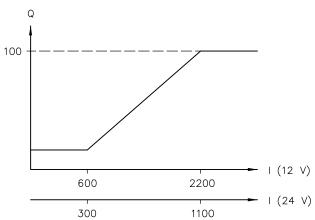


Figure 11: I current (mA); Q delivery flow (%)

#### **Coding ZV**

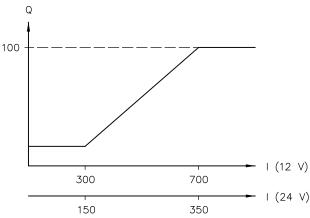


Figure 13: I current (mA); Q delivery flow (%)

#### Coding P1R

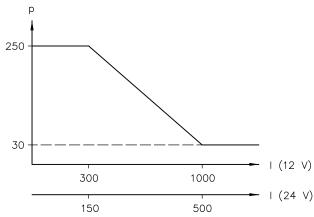


Figure 10: I current (mA); p pressure (bar)

#### Coding V1

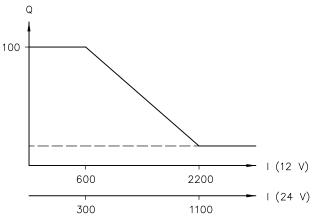


Figure 12: I current (mA); Q delivery flow (%)

#### Coding ZV1

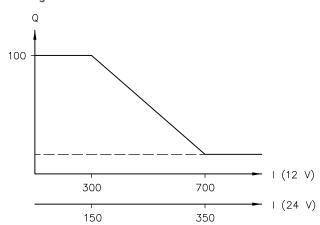


Figure 14: I current (mA); Q delivery flow (%)



#### T1 acting times (LSNR controller)

The diagram shows the on-stroke time/pressure for the LSNR controller; i.e. the time that is required to swivel out the pump and controller; i.e. the time that is required to swivel in the pump and adjust from the minimum to the maximum geometric displacement.

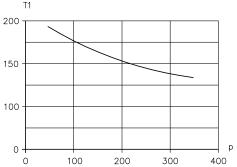


Figure 15: p pressure (bar); T1 acting time (ms)

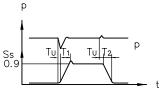


Figure 17: t in ms; p pressure (bar)

#### T2 acting times (LSNR controller)

The diagram shows the destroke time/pressure for the LSNR adjust from the maximum to the minimum geometric displacement.

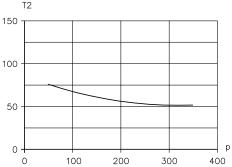


Figure 16: p pressure (bar); T2 acting time (ms)

$S_S$	= positioning travel of actuator
$T_u$	= delay < 3 ms
$T_1$	= on-stroke time
T <sub>2</sub>	= destroke time
р	= pressure

LS line approx. 10% of the volume of the P line



# 4

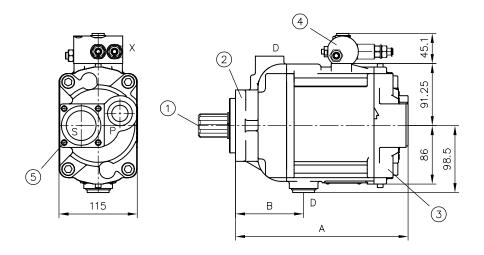
# **Dimensions**

All dimensions in mm, subject to change!

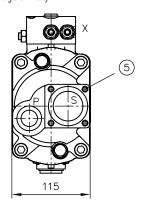
#### 4.1 Basic pump

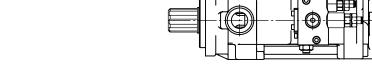
#### 4.1.1 Type V60N-060

Rotation direction clockwise (viewed from shaft journal)



Rotation direction **anti-clockwise** (viewed from shaft journal)





- 1 Shaft version
- 2 Flange version
- 3 Housing version
- 4 Controller and intermediate plates according to Section 4.2
- 5 Delivery includes attachment kit for suction intakes according to Section 7.2

Flange version	Housing version	Α	В
Υ	-1	253.5	100.0
F, Z, X	-1	249.8	96.3
Υ	-2, -3	292.0	100.0
F, Z, X	-2, -3	288.3	96.3

A V60N 060

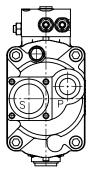
#### Ports P, S and D (ISO 228/1)

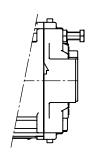
#### For coding UNF, ports SAE J 514

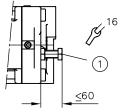
Р	Pressure port G 3/4	Р	Pressure port 1/16-12 UN-2B
S	Flange suction port	S	Flange suction port
D	Drain port G 3/4	D	Drain port 1 1/16-12 UN-2B
Χ	G 1/4	Χ	G 1/4 (ISO 228/1) with adapter for 7/16-20 (SAE-4)



#### **Stroke limitation**





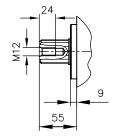


1 Stroke limitation (V<sub>g</sub> approx. 4 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev.)

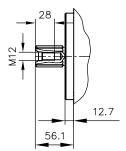
#### **Shaft versions**

#### Parallel key splined shaft Coding D

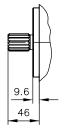
(similar to DIN ISO 14)



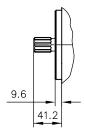
Spline shaft Coding S (SAE-C 14T 12/24DP)



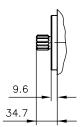
Spline shaft Coding T (SAE-B-B 15T 16/32)



Spline shaft Coding H (SAE-B 13T 16/32DP)



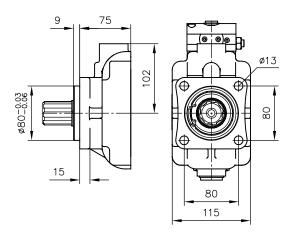
Spline shaft Coding U (SAE-B 13T 16/32 DP short)



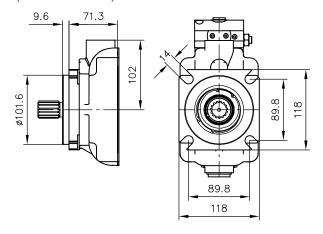


#### Flange versions

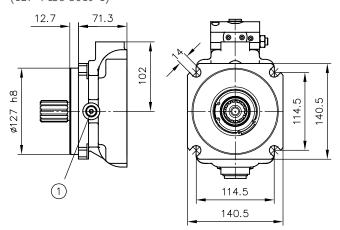
Coding **Y** (ISO 7653-1985)



Coding **Z** (SAE-B 4-hole) (101-4 ISO 3019-1)

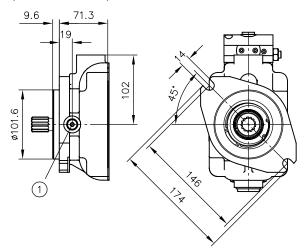


Coding **F** (SAE-C 4-hole) (127-4 ISO 3019-1)



1 Bleeding G 1/8

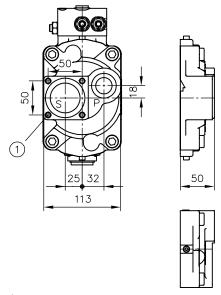
Coding **X** (SAE-B 2-hole) (101-2 ISO 3019-1)



1 Bleeding G 1/8

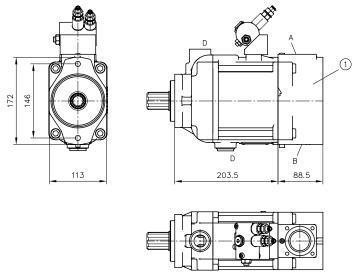


#### Housing version -1 (axial ports)



1 Delivery includes attachment kit for suction intakes according to Section 7.2

#### Housing version -2 (radial ports, with thru-shaft)



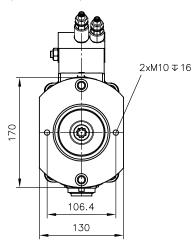
1 Flange version (output side)

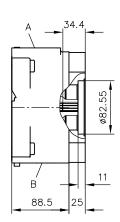
Rotation direction clockwise	Rotation direction anti-clockwise
A = suction port	A = pressure port
B = pressure port	B = suction port

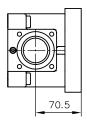


#### Flange version (output side)

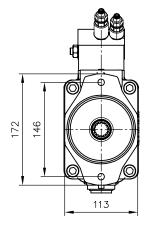
Coding **C 011, C 012** (SAE-A 2-hole)

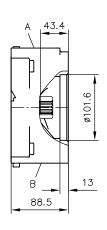






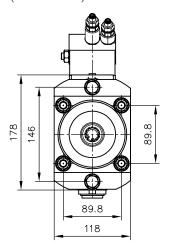
Coding **C 014** (SAE-B 2-hole)

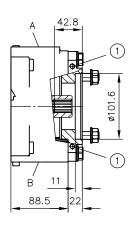


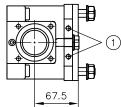




Coding C 015 (SAE-B 4-hole)





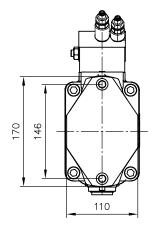


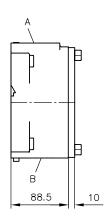
1 Support 8xM8

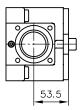


27

#### Housing version -3 (radial ports)





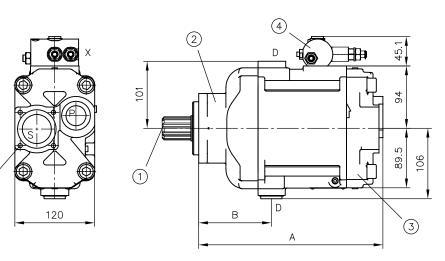


	Rotation direction clockwise	Rotation direction anti-clockwise
	A = suction port	A = pressure port
	B = pressure port	B = suction port

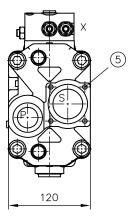


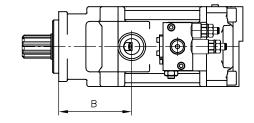
#### 4.1.2 Type V60N-090

Rotation direction **clockwise** (viewed from shaft journal)



Rotation direction **anti-clockwise** (viewed from shaft journal)





- 1 Shaft version
- 2 Flange version
- 3 Housing version
- 4 Controller and intermediate plates according to Section 4.2
- Delivery includes attachment kit for suction intakes according to Section 7.2

Flange version	Housing version	Α	В
Υ	-1	277.5	110.0
F, G	-1	273.8	106.3
Υ	-2, -3	310.5	110.0
F, G	-2, -3	306.8	106.3

A- V60 090 110 130

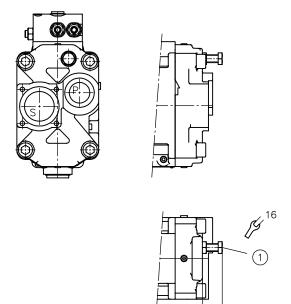
#### Ports P, S and D (ISO 228/1)

Р	Pressure port G 1	Р	Pressure port 1 5/16-12 UN-2B		
S	Flange suction port	S	Flange suction port		
D	Drain port G 3/4	D	Drain port 1 1/16-12 UN-2B		
X	G 1/4	Χ	G 1/4 (ISO 228/1) with adapter for 7/16-20 (SAE-4)		

For coding UNF, ports SAE J 514



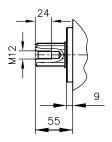
#### Stroke limitation



1 Stroke limitation (V<sub>g</sub> approx. 5 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev.)

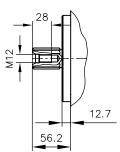
#### **Shaft versions**

Parallel key splined shaft Coding D (similar to DIN ISO 14)

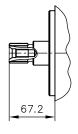


Spline shaft Coding S (SAE-C 14T 12/24DP)

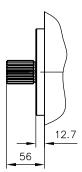
≤60



Spline shaft Coding M (DIN 5480 W30x2x14x9g)



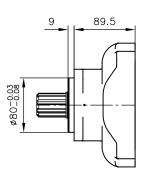
Spline shaft Coding Q (SAE-CS)

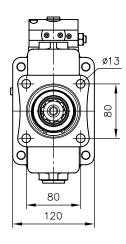




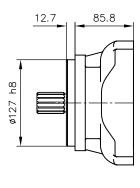
#### Flange versions

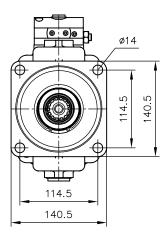
Coding **Y** (ISO 7653-1985)



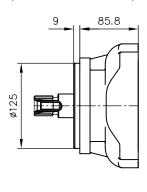


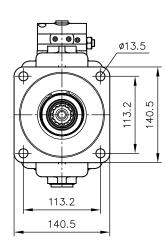
Coding **F** (SAE-C 4-hole) (127-4 ISO 3019-1)



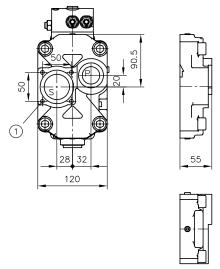


Coding **G** (125 B4 HW ISO 3019-2)





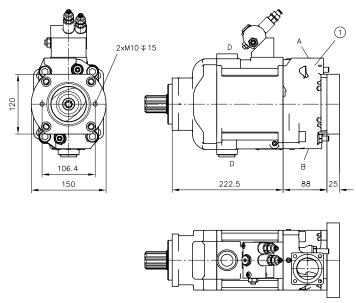
#### Housing version -1 (axial ports)



1 Delivery includes attachment kit for suction intakes according to Section 7.2



#### Housing version -2 (radial ports, with thru-shaft)

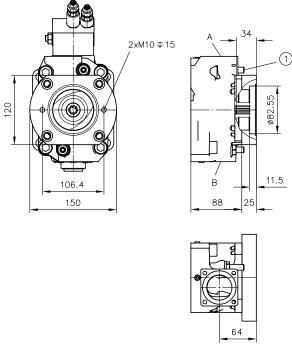


1 Flange version (output side)

Rotation direction clockwise	Rotation direction anti-clockwise	
A = suction port	A = pressure port	
B = pressure port	B = suction port	

#### Flange version (output side)

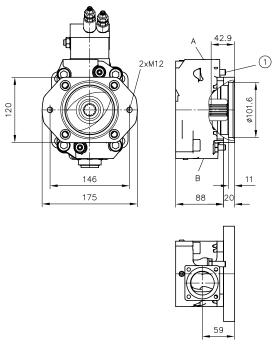
Coding **C 021, C 022** (SAE-A 2-hole)



1 Stroke limitation

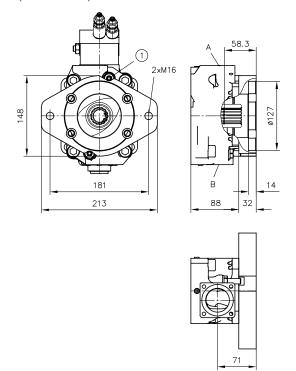


Coding **C 024** (SAE-B 2-hole)



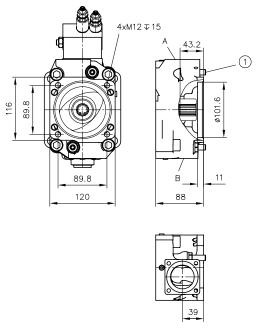
Stroke limitation

Coding C 027 (SAE-C 2-hole)



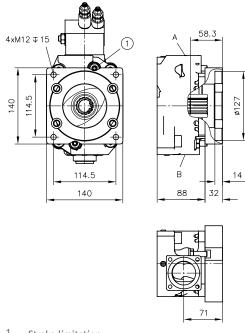
Stroke limitation

Coding C 025 (SAE-B 4-hole)



Stroke limitation

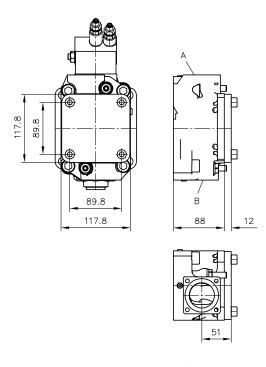
Coding C 028 (SAE-C 4-hole)



Stroke limitation

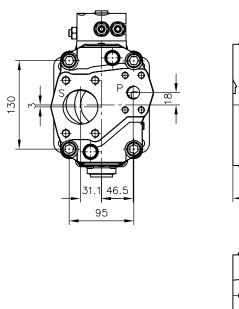


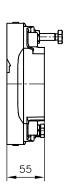
#### Housing version -3 (radial ports)

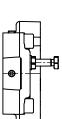


A = suction port	A = pressure port
B = pressure port	B = suction port

#### Housing version -4 (axial ports)







# M12x2 M10x2.1

#### Ports P, S (SAE J 518)

Р	Pressure port SAE 3/4"	(6000 psi)
S	Suction port SAE 2"	(3000 psi)

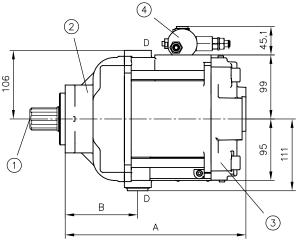


#### 4.1.3 Type V60N-110

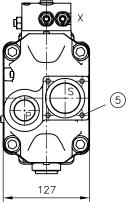
127

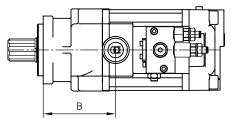
Rotation direction **clockwise** (viewed from shaft journal)

(4)



Rotation direction anti-clockwise (viewed from shaft journal)





- Shaft version
- 2 Flange version
- 3 Housing version
- Controller and intermediate plates according to Section 4.2
- Delivery includes attachment kit for suction intakes according to Section 7.2

Flange version	Housing version	A	В
Υ	-1	279.5	112.0
F	-1	275.7	108.7
P	-1	278.5	111.0
Υ	-2, -3	313.5	112.0
F	-2, -3	309.7	108.2
P	-2, -3	312.5	111.0

A- V60 090 110 130

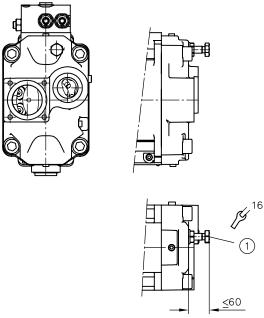
#### Ports P, S and D (ISO 228/1)

#### For coding UNF, ports SAE J 514

Р	Pressure port G 1	Р	Pressure port 1 5/16-12 UN-2B
S	Flange suction port	S	Flange suction port
D	Drain port G 3/4	D	Drain port 1 1/16-12 UN-2B
Χ	G 1/4	Χ	G 1/4 (ISO 228/1) with adapter for 7/16-20 (SAE-4)



#### Stroke limitation

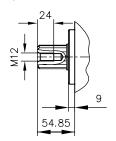


1 Stroke limitation (V<sub>g</sub> approx. 6 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev.)

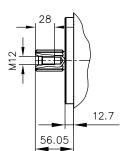
#### **Shaft versions**

#### Parallel key splined shaft Coding D

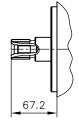
(similar to DIN ISO 14)



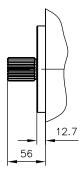
#### Spline shaft Coding S (SAE-C 14T 12/24DP)



#### Spline shaft Coding M (DIN 5480 W30x2x14x9g)



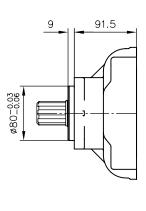
# **Spline shaft** Coding **Q** (SAE-CS)

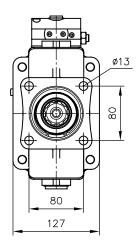




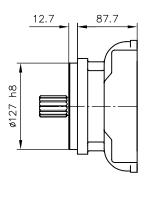
#### Flange versions

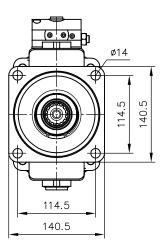
Coding **Y** (ISO 7653-1985)



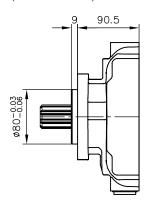


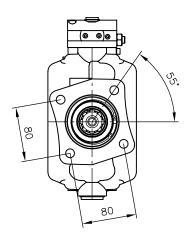
Coding **F** (SAE-C 4-hole) (127-4 ISO 3019-1)





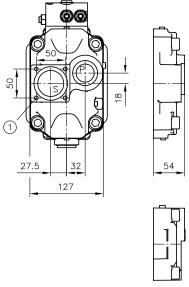
Coding **P** (ISO 7653-1985)





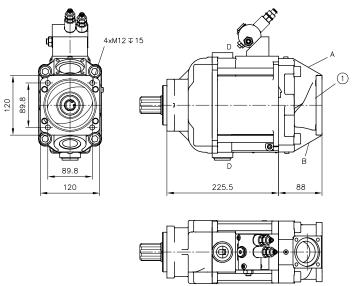


## Housing version -1 (axial ports)



1 Delivery includes attachment kit for suction intakes according to Section 7.2

# Housing version -2 (radial ports with thru-shaft)



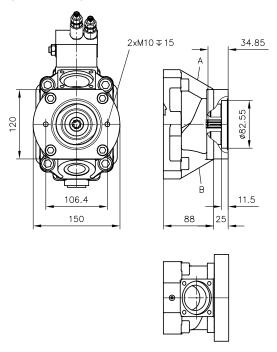
1 Flange version (output side)

Rotation direction clockwise	Rotation direction anti-clockwise
A = suction port	A = pressure port
B = pressure port	B = suction port

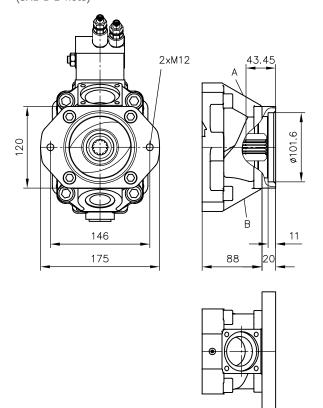


## Flange version (output side)

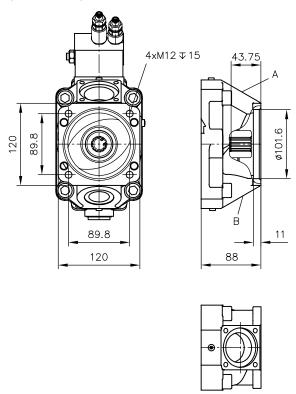
Coding **C 021, C 022** (SAE-A 2-hole)



Coding **C 024** (SAE-B 2-hole)

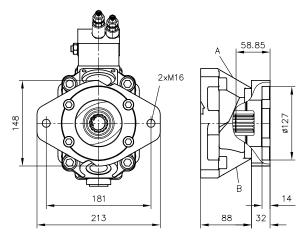


Coding C 025 (SAE-B 4-hole)

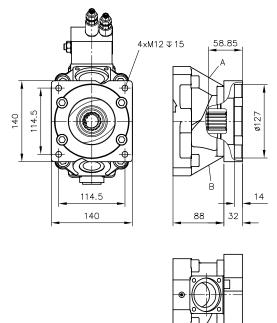


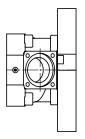


Coding **C 027** (SAE-C 2-hole)

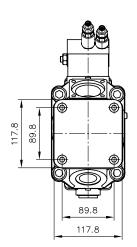


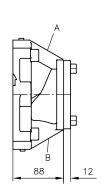
Coding C 028 (SAE-C 4-hole)





## Housing version -3 (radial ports)







## Rotation direction clockwise Rotation direction anti-clockwise

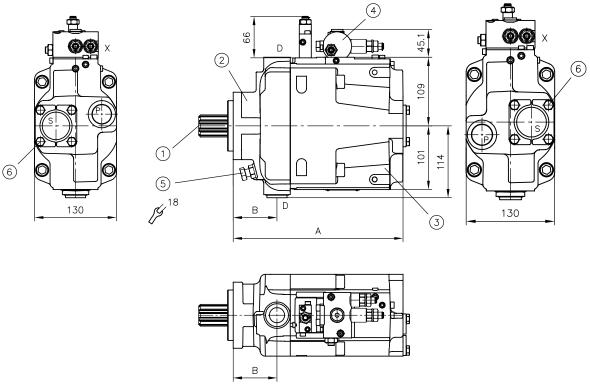
A = suction port	A = pressure port
B = pressure port	B = suction port



# 4.1.4 Type V60N-130

Rotation direction **clockwise** (viewed from shaft journal)

Rotation direction **anti-clockwise** (viewed from shaft journal)



- 1 Shaft version
- 2 Flange version
- 3 Housing version
- 4 Controller and intermediate plates according to Section 4.2
- 5 Stroke limitation (13 cm³/rev.)
- Delivery includes attachment kit for suction intakes according to Section 7.2

Flange version	Housing version	Α	В
Y, P	-1	269.5	69.5
F	-1	266.8	66.8
Y, P	-2	323.5	69.5
F	-2	320.8	66.8

A- V60 090 110 130

## Ports P, S and D (ISO 228/1)

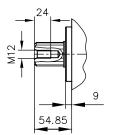
	• • •	_	·
Р	Pressure port G 1	Р	Pressure port 1 5/16-12 UN-2B
S	Flange suction port	S	Flange suction port
D	Drain port G 3/4	D	Drain port 1 1/16-12 UN-2B
Χ	G 1/4	Χ	G 1/4 (ISO 228/1) with adapter for 7/16-20 (SAE-4)

For coding UNF, ports SAE J 514

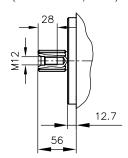


## **Shaft versions**

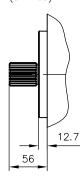
Spline shaft Coding D (similar to DIN ISO 14)



Spline shaft Coding S (SAE-C 14T 12/24DP)

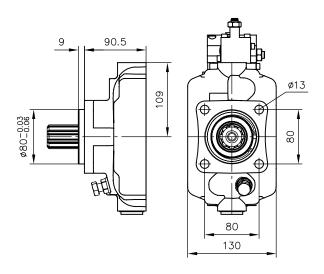


Spline shaft Coding Q (SAE-CS)

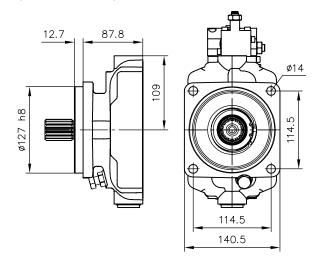


## Flange versions

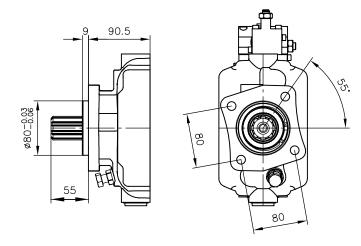
Coding **Y** (ISO 7653-1985)



Coding **F** (SAE-C 4-hole) (127-4 ISO 3019-1)

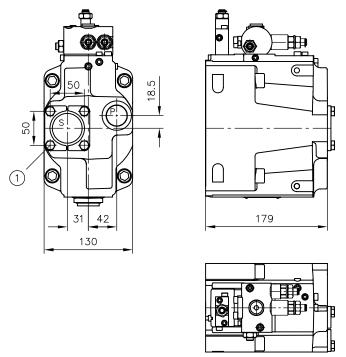


Coding **P** (ISO 7653-1985)





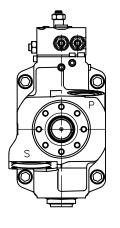
## Housing version -1 (axial ports)

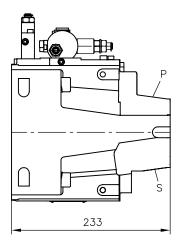


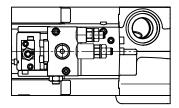
1 Delivery includes attachment kit for suction intakes according to Section 7.2

## Housing version -2 (radial ports, with thru-shaft)

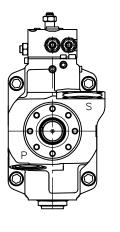
### Rotation direction clockwise

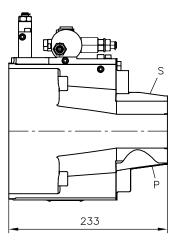


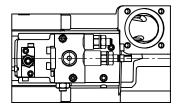




### Rotation direction anti-clockwise



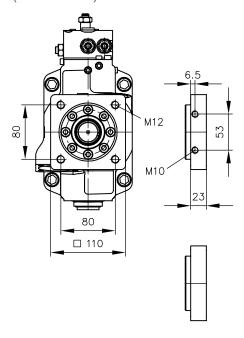




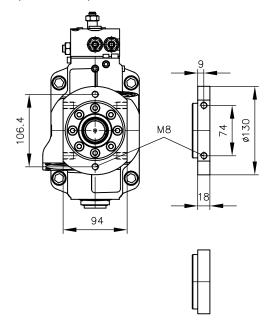


## Flange version (output side)

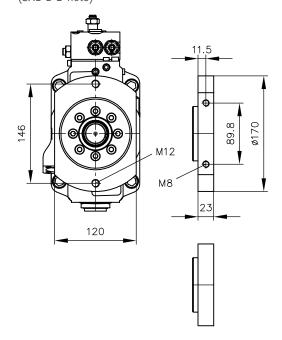
Coding **C 030** (ISO 7653-1985)



Coding **C 031, C 032** (SAE-A 2-hole)

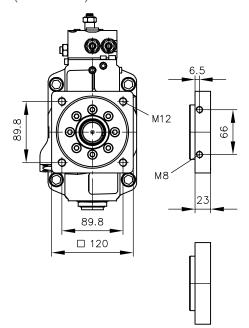


Coding C 034 (SAE-B 2-hole)

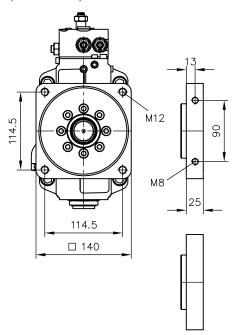




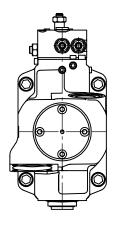
Coding C 035 (SAE-B 4-hole)

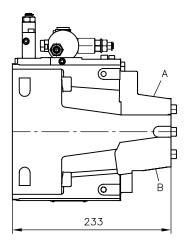


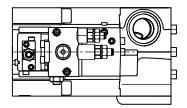
Coding C 038 (SAE-C 4-hole)



## Housing version -3 (radial ports)





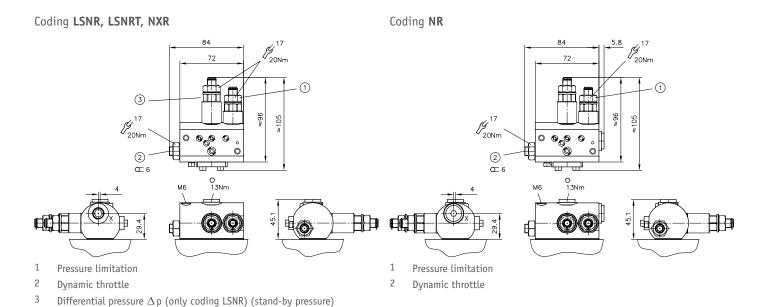


### Rotation direction clockwise Rotation direction anti-clockwise

A = pressure port	A = suction port
B = suction port	B = pressure port



# 4.2 Controllers and intermediate plates

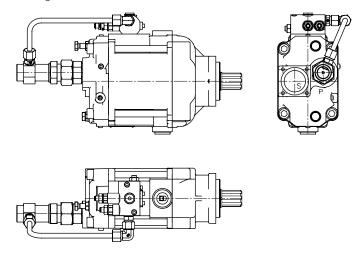


Port X (ISO 228/1): G 1/4

LS signal port, order reference for adapter for UNF thread 79.93 245

Adjustment range for ② and ⑤ restricted by retaining ring

## Coding QNR



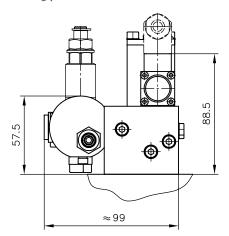


Note

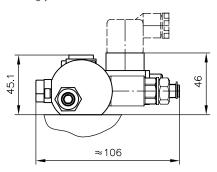
The piping varies according to the size.



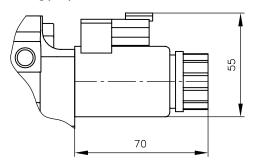
Coding /PR



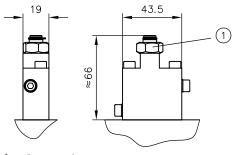
Coding /P1R



Coding /V, /V1



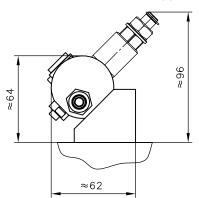
Coding /L (only for type V60N-130)



1 Power setting

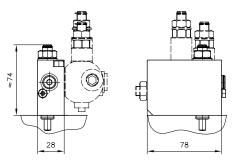
## Intermediate plate

Version with thru-shaft, coding /ZW

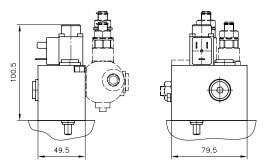




Coding **/ZL**Intermediate plate version



Coding /ZV, /ZV1



## **Pressure adjustment**

	Pressure range (bar)	Δp (bar) /revolution	Default pressure setting (bar)
Pressure limitation	20 400	approx. 50	300
Differential pressure Δp (only type LSNR)	20 55	approx. 10	27
Differential pressure $\Delta p$ (only type QNR)	20 55	approx. 10	20

## Torque setting

	ΔM (Nm) /revolution	Default torque setting $\Delta(Nm)/$ revolution
Power controller /ZL or /L	approx. 190 Nm	200 Nm



### Caution

Risk of injury on overloading components due to incorrect pressure settings!

• Always monitor the pressure gauge when setting or changing the pressure.



5

## **Installation information**

#### 5.1 General information

The V60N is designed for use in an open circuit.

It can be mounted directly on a truck power take-off (PTO) using a flange in accordance with ISO 7653-1985 or using a flange in accordance with specifications.

Further connection options are available with a propshaft and suitable coupling sleeves (see <a href="#">Chapter 7, "Accessories, spare parts and separate components"</a>)

Rotation direction changing is available for type V60N-060, V60N-090 and V60N-110 pumps. For conversion instructions, please contact HAWE Hydraulik.

### The following essential points must be noted when installing the pump:

Mounting and removal of the pump and attached components may be performed by trained persons only. Ensure absolute cleanliness during all work. Contamination may have an adverse effect on the function and service life of the pump.

- Remove all plastic plugs prior to initial operation.
- Avoid installing the motor above the tank (see "Installation positions" in <u>Chapter 5.3, "Installation positions"</u>).
- When selecting the connecting lines, observe the reference values in Chapter 7, "Accessories, spare parts and separate components".
- Prior to initial operation, fill the pump with oil and bleed. Automatic pump filling via the suction line by opening the drain ports is not possible.
- Prevent the pump and suction line from running dry.
- Always ensure a constant supply of oil. Even a brief shortage in the supply of hydraulic fluid to the pump may damage internal parts. This may not be immediately evident after initial operation.
- The hydraulic oil returning to the tank from the system must not be sucked back in immediately (baffles).
- Run the pump for approx. 10 minutes at max. 50 bar after initial operation.
- Thorough bleeding/flushing of the entire system is recommended before the full pressure range is used.
- Observe the max. permissible operating range temperatures (see <u>Chapter 3, "Parameters"</u>) at all times.
- Always comply with the specified oil purity classes (see <u>Chapter 3, "Parameters"</u>); provide appropriate hydraulic fluid filtering.
- Use of a filter in the intake line must be approved by HAWE Hydraulik.
- Include a main pressure-limiting valve in the pressure line to limit the max. system pressure.



### 5.2 Ports

The nominal diameter of the connecting lines depends on the specified operating conditions, the viscosity of the hydraulic fluid, the start-up and operating temperatures and the speed of the pump. In principle we recommend the use of hose lines due to the superior damping characteristics.

#### Pressure port

The pressure port connection on type V60N-060 is established via a threaded connection G 3/4"; on type V60N-090/110/130 via a threaded connection G 1".

Observe the tightening torque specified by the part manufacturer.

#### **Suction port**

The suction port on all pumps is established via standardised suction intakes with a size that is dependent on the max. delivery flow of the pump.

The specification of the max. delivery flow  $Q_{max}$  must be observed. This can be found in the following table.

Nominal width (N)	38 (1 1/2")	42	50 (2")	64 (2 1/2")	74 (3")	6 (G 1 1/4)	7 (G 1 1/2)
Q <sub>max</sub> (lpm)	75	90	125	190	250	90	125

The suction intakes can be ordered as an option with the pump.

If possible, route the suction line to the tank in such a way that it is steadily rising. This allows trapped air to escape. Observe the specifications in "Installation positions", <u>Chapter 5, "Installation information"</u>. The absolute intake pressure must not fall below 0.85 bar. A hose line should generally be used in preference to a rigid pipe.

#### Drain port

The V60N pumps have 2 drain ports G 3/4" or 1 1/16-12-UN-2B. A G 1/8" threaded connection is also available for the flange version SAE-B2, SAE-B4 and SAE-4. This is used for bleeding in the case of vertical installation positions.

The nominal diameter of the overflow oil line must not be less than 16 mm. The cross-section is determined by the max. permissible housing pressure.

Integrate the overflow oil line in the system in such a way as to prevent direct connection with the suction line of the pump. Both drain ports can be used simultaneously.

A separate overflow oil line from the controller to the tank is not required. Observe the specifications in the "Installation positions" section, <a href="Chapter 5.3">Chapter 5.3</a>, "Installation positions".

#### LS port for version LSNR, LSNRT, NXR

The LS line is connected to the controller via a G 1/4 threaded connection.

The nominal diameter of the line depends on the installation position of the pump and should be 10 % of the pressure line capacity. A hose line should generally be used in preference to a rigid pipe.

When the proportional directional spool valve is in a neutral position, the LS line must be fully relieved (only controller type LSNR, LSN). In the case of controller type LSNRT, relief takes place internally in the controller.



## 5.3 Installation positions

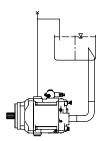
The V60N can be installed in any installation position.

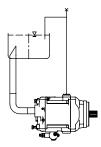
Observe the truck manufacturer's specifications if installing the pump directly on a truck power take-off.

A support is required for tandem pumps or two hydraulic pumps mounted in series. The following points must be observed:

### Horizontal installation: (pump below the min. fill level)

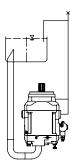
For horizontal installation, use the uppermost drain port.





### Vertical installation: (pump below the min. fill level)

Mount the pump so that the pump mounting flange is facing upwards. Only pumps with mounting flanges of type SAE-B2, SAE-B and SAE-C are approved for vertical installation. For vertical installation, use the uppermost drain port. Also connect the G 1/4" bleeding port on the pump flange. Take appropriate measures to ensure continuous bleeding of this line (line routing/bleeding). For installation with the pump flange facing downwards, please contact HAWE Hydraulik.

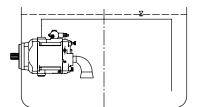


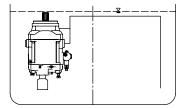


### 5.4 Tank installation

### Tank installation (pump below the min. fill level)

The pump can be operated either with or without a suction tube. Using a short suction intake is recommended.



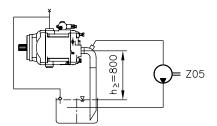


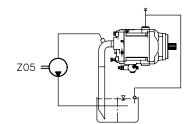
### Additional notes regarding installation above the fill level

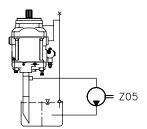
Special measures are required if the pump is installed above the fill level. The pump must not run dry via the pressure, intake, drain/bleed or control lines. This applies in particular to long periods of downtime.

- A check valve (opening pressure approx. 0.5 to 0.6 bar) in the overflow oil line can prevent the pump housing from being emptied.
- Facilitate bleeding of connecting lines via separate bleed openings.
- Adjust the bleeding sequence to the specific installation.
- A gear pump must be provided in order to fill the suction line.

For specialist advice on designing axial piston pumps, the following contact form is available: Checklist for designing variable displacement axial piston pumps: B 7960 checklist.







For further information on installation, operation and maintenance, see the relevant assembly instructions: <u>B 7960</u>, <u>B 5488</u>.



6

# Installation, operation and maintenance information

## 6.1 Designated use

This fluid-power product has been designed, manufactured and tested using standards and regulations generally applicable in the European Union and left the plant in a safe and fault-free condition.

To maintain this condition and ensure safe operation, operators must observe the information and warnings in this documentation.

This fluid-power product must be installed and integrated in a hydraulic system by a qualified specialist who is familiar with and adheres to general engineering principles and relevant applicable regulations and standards.

In addition, application-specific features of the system or installation location must be taken into account if relevant.

This product may only be used as a pump within oil-hydraulic systems.

The product must be operated within the specified technical parameters. This documentation contains the technical parameters for various product versions.



#### Note

Non-compliance will void any warranty claims made against HAWE Hydraulik.

### 6.2 Assembly information

The hydraulic accumulator must be integrated in the system via state of the art connection components (screw fittings, hoses, pipes, etc.). The hydraulic system must be shut down as a precautionary measure prior to dismounting; this applies in particular to systems with hydraulic accumulators.

### 6.3 Operating instructions

### Product, pressure and/or flow settings

All statements in this documentation must be observed for all product, pressure and/or flow settings on or in the hydraulic system.



### Caution

Risk of injury on overloading components due to incorrect pressure settings!

Always monitor the pressure gauge when setting or changing the pressure.

## Filtering and purity of the hydraulic fluid

Soiling in the fine range, e.g. abraded material and dust, or in the macro range, e.g. chips, rubber particles from hoses and seals, can cause significant malfunctions in a hydraulic system. It is also to be noted that new hydraulic fluid "from the drum" does not necessarily meet the highest purity requirements.

For trouble-free operation pay attention to the purity of the hydraulic fluid (see also purity class in <a href="Chapter 3">Chapter 3</a>, "Parameters").

For further information on installation, operation and maintenance, see the relevant assembly instructions: <u>B 7960</u>, <u>B 5488</u>.



7

# Accessories, spare parts and separate components

# 7.1 Discontinued controller units

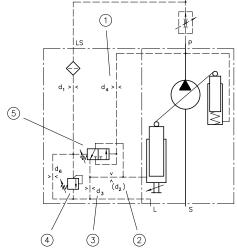
## 7.1.1 Available versions

## Controller

Coding	Description
LSN	Load-sensing controller with integrated pressure limitation
N	Pressure controller, adjustable directly at the pump. The pressure controller automatically maintains a constant system pressure independently of the required delivery flow. Therefore it is suited to constant pressure systems where differing delivery flows are required or for efficient pressure limitation of the hydraulic system.
LLSN	Power controller (torque limitation) in combination with LSN Product "Pressure x Delivery flow" = constant Adjustment range: 25 100% max. drive torque
LN	Power controller (torque limitation) in combination with pressure controller N Adjustment range: 25 100% max. drive torque

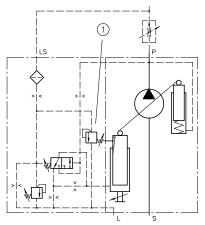
## **Switching symbols**

## Coding LSN



- 1 Inflow orifice
- 2 By-pass orifice (option)
- 3 Outflow orifice
- 4 Pressure limitation p<sub>max</sub>
- 5 Differential pressure p

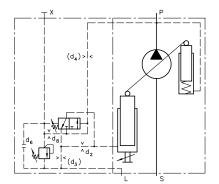
## Coding LLSN



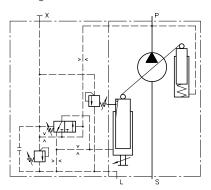
1 Power controller



Coding N



## Coding LN

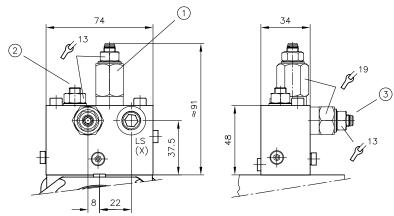


## Fitted orifices (standard)

Controller	$\varnothing$ d <sub>1</sub>	$\emptyset$ d <sub>2</sub>	$\emptyset$ d <sub>3</sub>	$\emptyset$ d <sub>4</sub>	$\varnothing$ d <sub>6</sub>	$\emptyset$ d <sub>8</sub>
LSN LLSN	0.9	-	0.7	1.2	2x0.4	-
N LN	-	0.7	-	-	-	0.7

### **Unit dimensions**

### Type LSN, LN, N and LLSN



LS signal port Port (ISO 228/1): LS = G 1/4

Order reference for adapter for UNF thread 79.93 245

- 1 Pressure differential  $\Delta p$  (only controller LSN and LLSN)
- 2 Power setting
- 3 Pressure limitation

## **Pressure adjustment**

	Pressure range (bar)	Δp (bar) /revolution	Default pressure setting (bar)
Pressure limitation	50 400	100	300
Differential pressure Δp (type LSN and LLSN)	18 45	10	27



### Caution

Risk of injury on overloading components due to incorrect pressure settings!

Always monitor the pressure gauge when setting or changing the pressure.



### 7.2 Suction intakes

Order coding example:

V60N - 090 R DZ N - 1 - 0 - 01/LSNR - 350 - **A00/76** 

### Table of suction intakes (including attachment kit)

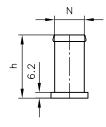
Nominal width (N)	Flow	Geome	Geometric shape								
	Q <sub>max</sub> (lpm)	Straigh	Straight Order			Order	90° A90/		Order number	Thread A.	Order
	(4,)	A00/	number	A45/		number					number
		h	•	h	k		h	k		h	_
38 (1 1/2")	75	65	79 93336 00	-	-	-	53	70	79 93344 00	-	-
42	90	-	-	85	40	79 93340 00	-	-	-	-	-
<b>50</b> (2")	125	65	79 93337 00	96	40	79 93341 00	53	84	79 93345 00	-	-
<b>64</b> (2 1/2")	190	90	79 93338 00	96	40	79 93342 00	109	129	79 93346 00	-	-
<b>76</b> (3")	250	106	79 93339 00	106	40	79 93343 00	-	-	-	-	-
7 (1 1/2")	125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28.5	79 40717 00
<b>7 UNF</b> (7/8-12 UN-2B)	125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28.5	79 41595 00

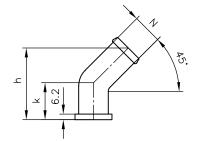
A00/...

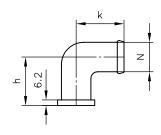
45/...

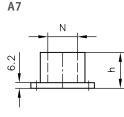
A90/...

A6









Delivery includes attachment kit for suction intakes, comprising:

- 4x hex bolt M8x16-8.8
- 0-ring 44.2x3 NBR 70 Sh
- 2 mounting flange halves

(Order no. 79 93355 00)



### Note

Use nominal width 38 (1 1/2") for reduced displacement volume only!

Observe installation information in <a href="Chapter 5">Chapter 5</a>, "Installation information".

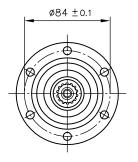


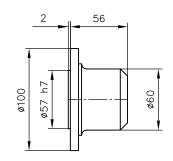
# 7.3 Coupling flange for propshafts

Special coupling flanges for propshafts (Ø100-6-Ø8) according to ISO 7646.

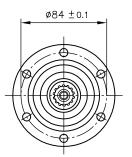
For telescopic propshafts also with spacer ring and connecting screw for attachment to the drive shaft of the pump.

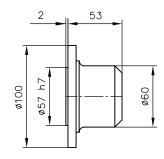
## Coding SAE-C, SAE-CS





## Coding DIN ISO 014



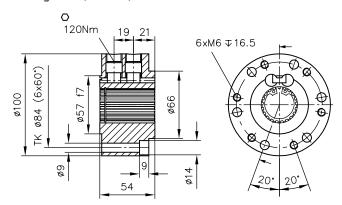


Coding	Spline profile	Order number
SAE C	14T 12/24 DP	79 29555 00
SAE CS	21T 16/32 DP	79 42793 00
DIN ISO 14	B8x32x36	79 29709 00

Special clampable coupling flanges for propshafts (Ø100-6-Ø8) according to ISO 7646.

Coding	Spline profile	Order number
SAE-C	14T 12/24 DP	79 94495 00
SAE-CS	21T 16/32 DP	79 94479 00
DIN ISO 14	B8x32x36	79 94496 00

## Coding SAE-C, SAE-CS, DIN ISO 014







#### **Additional versions**

- General operating manual for the assembly, initial operation and maintenance of hydraulic components and systems: B 5488
- Variable displacement axial piston pump type V40M: D 7961
- Variable displacement axial piston pump type V30D: D 7960
- Variable displacement axial piston pump type V30E: D 7960 E
- Fixed displacement axial piston pump type K60N: D 7960 K
- Axial piston motors type M60N: D 7960 M
- Proportional directional spool valve, type PSL and PSV size 2: D 7700-2
- Proportional directional spool valve, type PSL, PSM and PSV size 3: D 7700-3
- Proportional directional spool valve, type PSL, PSM and PSV size 5: D 7700-5
- Proportional directional spool valve type PSLF, PSVF and SLF size 3: D 7700-3F
- Proportional directional spool valve type PSLF, PSVF and SLF size 5: D 7700-5F
- Proportional directional spool valve banks, type PSLF, PSVF and SLF size 7: D 7700-7F
- Load-holding valve type LHT: D 7918
- Load-holding valve type LHDV: D 7770
- Proportional amplifier type EV1M3: D 7831/2
- Proportional amplifier type EV1D: D 7831 D

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